







Presenters

Aaron Olson



Research Data Analyst, The Polis Center

Matt Nowlin



Community Analysis Manager, The Polis Center

Sydney Dauphinais



Economic Equity Reporter, WFYI Public Media



Today's Goals

 Explain how college-going rates have changed at several levels of geography in Indiana: statewide, metro areas, Central Indiana counties, school districts, and high schools

 Discuss factors influencing college enrollment rates at Central Indiana high schools



Data Sources & Definitions

Sources:

- Indiana Commission for Higher Education
 - College-Going Data, school-level demographics
- U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey
 - School District demographics



Data Sources & Definitions

College-Going Rate:

The share of graduating high school students who choose to pursue a post-secondary degree or certificate. This includes the full range of credentials beyond high school from a one-year certificate on up though a four-year degree.



Statewide Decline in College



The share of graduating high school students choosing college declined by 13 points in the last decade

80%

Statewide College-Going: 2010 - 2020

66%

Source: SAVI analysis of data from Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Created with Datawrapper



College education is correlated with higher wages and net worth

- Impact on household earnings and the economy
- Impact on civil society

ECONOMIC METRICS BY EDUCATION LEVEL						
★ ▼ EDUCATION LEVEL	EDUCATION LEVEL UNEMPLOYMENT INDIANA LABOR WAGES - MEDIAN NET WORTH (U.S.) PARTICIPATION RATE INCOME (U.S.) (2019) WEALTH - AVERAGE NET WORTH (U.S.) (2019)					
LESS THAN A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	6.4%	42.3%	\$30,950	\$137,800		
HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA	4.4%	57.0%	\$39,050	\$305,200		
SOME COLLEGE OR ASSOCIATE DEGREE	2.6%	65.3%	\$44,850	\$376,400		
BACHELOR'S DEGREE + UP	0.9%	73.0%	\$72,000	\$1,519,900		

"We lose something intrinsic when too few receive education beyond high school. Education is basic to civil society. And it should provide the opportunity of prosperity for all people. It is imperative to promote the value of education beyond high school to achieve not only the narrower goal of increasing student enrollment and successful completion to enter the world of work—but the broader goal of ensuring an educated and prosperous society."

Potential Reasons Why?

• Examples and stories from Sydney's reporting



How is this impacting various student subgroups?





80%

Male high school students are far behind female students in choosing to attend college

Statewide College-Going by Gender: 2010 - 2020

Female

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



Black students had the largest decline in collegegoing compared to other racial and ethnic groups

Statewide College-Going by Race & Ethnicity: 2010 – 2020

90% Asian White Other Hispanic/Latino Black 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



Students on the Federal Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Program had a steep decline in college enrollment

Statewide College-Going by
Socioeconomic Status: 2010 – 2020

80% 75 Non Free/Reduced Lunch 55 Free/Reduced Lunch 2010 2011 2015 2020 2012 2014 2016 2017 2018 2019

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



Students in the 21st Century Scholars Program have a 30point college-going advantage compared to students not in the program

Statewide College-Going by 21st Century Scholars Status: 2010 – 2020 100% 90 21st 80 Century Scholar 70 50 Non 21st Century Scholar 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

Going in Central Indiana

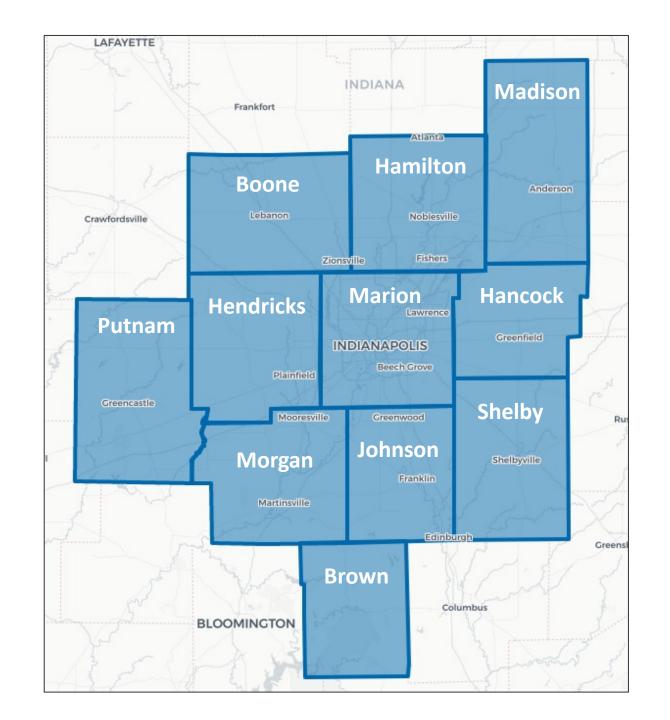




Declining College-Going in Central Indiana

Indianapolis Metro Area Counties (largest city/town)

- Boone (Zionsville)
- Hamilton (Carmel/Fishers)
- Madison (Anderson)
- Putnam (Greencastle)
- Hendricks (Plainfield)
- Marion (Indianapolis)
- Hancock (Greenfield)
- Morgan (Martinsville)
- Johnson (Greenwood)
- Shelby (Shelbyville)
- Brown (Nashville)





The Indianapolis Metro Area had a larger decline in college-going than six of the state's fourteen metro areas

Change in College-Going rate by Metro Area: 2010 - 2020

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education

Metro Area	2010 College- Going Rate	2020 College- Going Rate	Rate Change	Rate Change Relative to State
Terre Haute	66%	58%	-7 points	6 points
Michigan City- Laporte	57%	48%	-9 points	4 points
Cincinnati	65%	56%	-9 points	4 points
Lafayette	64%	55%	-10 points	3 points
Bloomington	71%	61%	-10 points	3 points
Chicago	66%	55%	-11 points	2 points
Indianapolis	67%	56%	-12 points	1 points
Evansville	71%	59%	-12 points	1 points
Columbus	68%	55%	-13 points	0 points
Non-metro	63%	49%	-13 points	0 points
Muncie	69%	56%	-14 points	-1 points
Louisville	62%	47%	-15 points	-2 points
Kokomo	69%	52%	-16 points	-3 points
South Bend	65%	48%	-17 points	-4 points
Fort Wayne	70%	53%	-17 points	-4 points

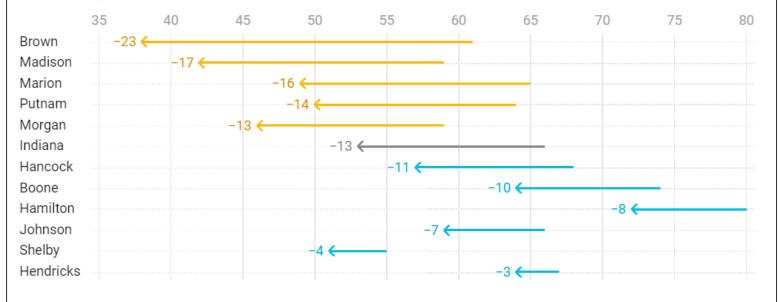


Marion County was among the five Central Indiana counties with a larger decline in college-going than the state overall

Change in College-Going Rate Relative to Statewide Shift: 2010 - 2020

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education

Blue arrows represent counties with smaller percentage point declines than the state, while orange arrows indicate larger declines than the state.





Spotlight - Shelby County

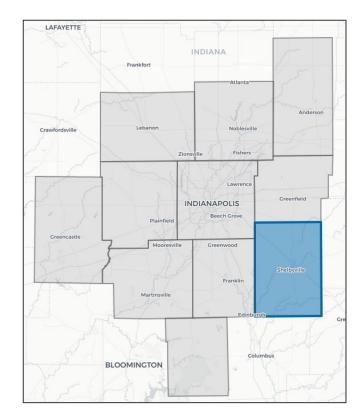
Shelby County had a much lower decline in college-going than most surrounding counties

Shelby's demographics predicted a much steeper drop in collegegoing compared to other similar counties around the state

Shelby high schools in our data:

- Triton Central
- Morristown
- Shelbyville
- Waldron
- Southwestern

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education



2010 2020

College-Going Rank

College-Going Rank

85th

49th

55% went to college

51% went to college

Going in Central Indiana School Districts

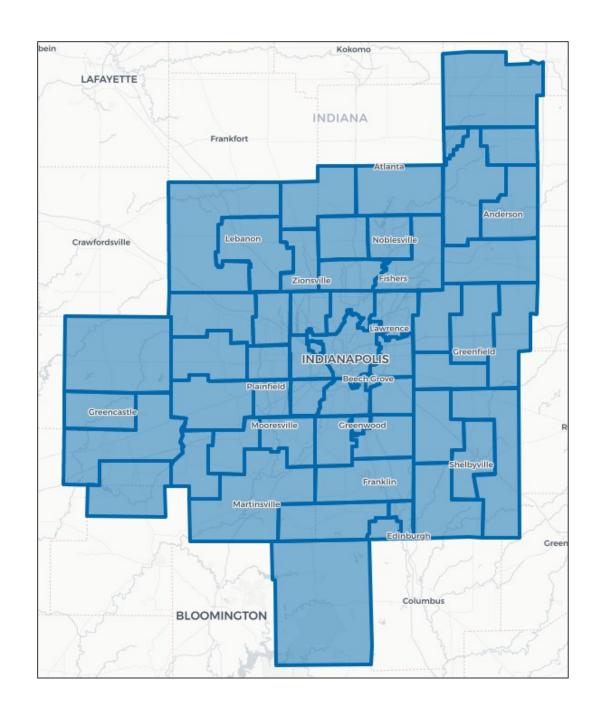




Declining College-Going in Central Indiana School Corporations

There are 54 geography-based school districts in our 11-county metro area

Some corporations only have one high school (e.g. Anderson Community School Corporation), others have multiple (Indianapolis Public Schools, for example)





School districts with the ten highest college-going rates in 2010

- 7/10 top ten college-going school districts in 2010 had above average bachelor's degree attainment
- 8/10 had above average median household income

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education / US Census Bureau

School Corporation	County	College- Going Rate, 2010	Median Household Income, 2010	Bachelors' Degree or Higher - Age 25+, 2010
Zionsville Community Schools	Boone	86%	\$106,938	62%
Carmel Clay Schools	Hamilton	86%	\$98,611	64%
Hamilton Southeastern Schools	Hamilton	85%	\$85,410	59%
MSD Washington Township	Marion	78%	\$49,867	48%
Westfield- Washington Schools	Hamilton	77%	\$84,688	49%
Center Grove Community School Corp	Johnson	75%	\$82,976	38%
Noblesville Schools	Hamilton	75%	\$69,574	45%
Southern Hancock County Community School Corp	Hancock	75%	\$66,108	28%
Greenwood Community School Corp	Johnson	74%	\$48,276	25%
South Madison Community School Corp	Madison	72%	\$62,244	21%



School districts with the ten highest college-going rates in 2020

 Northwestern Consolidated School Corp, Hamilton Heights, and North West Hendricks all have bachelor's degree attainment levels at or below the metro area average

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education / US Census Bureau

School Corporation	County	College- Going Rate, 2020	Median Household Income, 2020	Bachelor's Degree or Higher - Age 25+, 2020
Carmel Clay Schools	Hamilton	83%	\$115,973	72%
Hamilton Southeastern Schools	Hamilton	74%	\$102,303	63%
Zionsville Community Schools	Boone	72%	\$135,512	74%
Westfield- Washington Schools	Hamilton	71%	\$93,473	53%
Center Grove Community School Corp	Johnson	70%	\$92,326	46%
Brownsburg Community School Corp	Hendricks	69%	\$96,507	48%
Northwestern Consolidated School Corp	Shelby	68%	\$62,984	25%
Hamilton Heights School Corp	Hamilton	67%	\$66,335	27%
North West Hendricks Schools	Hendricks	67%	\$82,044	36%
Avon Community School Corp	Hendricks	65%	\$87,450	41%



School districts with the ten largest declines in collegegoing rates: 2010-2020

- Just three school districts had an *increase* in college-going in the last decade
- Many districts with the largest declines had below average bachelor's degree attainment and income
- Four Marion county districts were in the top 10 for declines

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education / US Census Bureau

School Corporation	County	Median Household Income, 2020	Bachelor's Degree or Higher - Age 25+, 2020	Change in College- Going Rate	Change Relative to State
Anderson Community School Corp	Madison	\$42,475	17%	-25 points	-12 points
South Putnam Community Schools	Putnam	\$68,446	12%	-25 points	-12 points
Brown County School Corp	Brown	\$66,833	29%	-22 points	-9 points
MSD Lawrence Township	Marion	\$61,092	43%	-22 points	-9 points
MSD Warren Township	Marion	\$52,267	21%	-22 points	-9 points
Sheridan Community Schools	Hamilton	\$60,369	21%	-21 points	-8 points
Greenwood Community School Corp	Johnson	\$60,088	30%	-20 points	-7 points
Indianapolis Public Schools	Marion	\$40,010	28%	-18 points	-5 points
South Madison Community School Corp	Madison	\$71,705	23%	-18 points	-5 points
MSD Washington Township	Marion	\$60,865	52%	-17 points	-4 points

College-Going at IPS Schools peaked at 58% in 2014 and has since sunk to 31% in 2020

College-Going Rate at IPS Schools: 2010 - 2020

90%

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



All Indianapolis Metropolitan School Districts had College-Going Declines since 2010

College-Going at Indianapolis
Metropolitan School Districts: 2010-2020

- IPS - Lawrence - Pike - Warren - Washington - Wayne - Perry - Franklin - Decatur 90% 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper

Going in Central Indiana High Schools

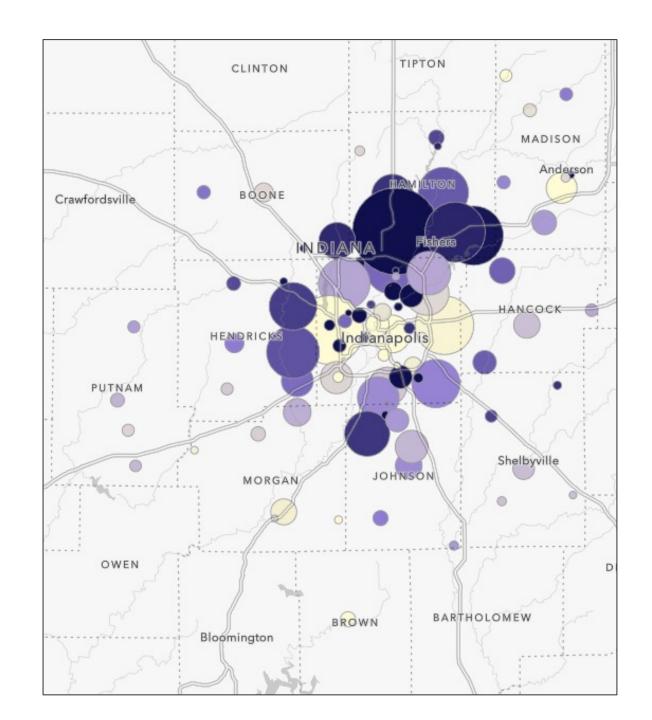




Declining College-Going in Central Indiana High Schools

There are 96 high schools in our 11-county metro area which met our criteria for inclusion in analysis

A link will be provided to the interactive map shown on the right at the end of the presentation





Data Inclusion Criteria

How we decided which schools to include in our analysis

- Schools that serve traditional high school-going populations. This means that organizations like career centers, juvenile correctional facilities, and schools for students with unique circumstances (e.g. Indiana School for the Deaf) were excluded from the data set.
- Schools with at least 10 students in their graduating class in 2020. Class sizes smaller than this produce college-going rates that can skew overall averages and trends.
- Schools that had valid data reported to the Commission on variables
 potentially related to college-going. Not all schools reported data on
 every variable collected by the Commission. Some did not because of
 privacy concerns, others because of very small subpopulation numbers

What variables influence college

Linear Regression Model



Regression Model Variables & Process

- Goal: use statistical modelling techniques to measure the impact of several variables on college-going rates at Central Indiana High Schools
- Candidate Variables:
 - Advanced Placement Share
 - Honors Diploma Share
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Share
 - 21st Century Scholars Share
 - Graduating Class Size





Regression Model Variables

Some variables may be correlated with one another, or may be duplicative, so not all were used in order to create a cleaner model

Honors Diploma Share

- Percentage of students who graduated with an honors diploma
- Measures academic achievement and access to accelerated academic programs

White Share

- Percentage of graduating students who identify their race as white
- Approximates racial diversity of student body

Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Share

- Percentage of graduating students who were enrolled in the Federal Free or Reduced-Price Lunch program for lower income students
- Proxy measure for student household income

21st Century Scholars Share

- Percentage of graduating students who were enrolled in the 21st Century Scholars program, which provides tuition to any public university upon meeting certain household income and academic performance thresholds
- Approximates financial assistance received by graduating class



Regression Model Results

The resulting impact of each variable in our model is shown on the right.

Variables are ordered by level of significance.

These four variables explained about 55% of the total variation in college-going rates between schools

*Honors Diploma Share – 99% Confidence

• For every 10% increase in the share of graduating students with an honors diploma, the college-going rate *increases* 5%

*Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Share – 95% Confidence

 For every 10% increase in the share of students on the free or reduced-price lunch program, the college going rate decreases 3%

White Share – 90% Confidence

Not confident enough to make an estimate

21st Century Scholars Share - <90% Confidence

Not confident enough to make an estimate

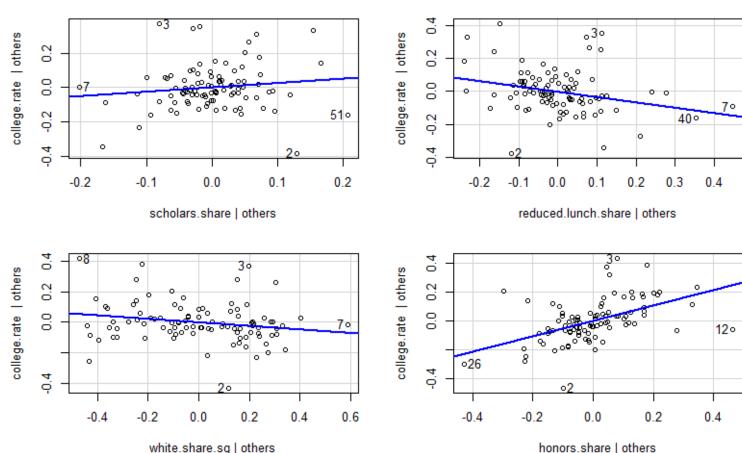


Regression Model Results

Each input variable is plotted against college-going rate to show it's relationship

A steeper slope means a stronger impact; "Honors Share" clearly has the steepest slope

Added-Variable Plots



honors.share | others



The share of students receiving an honors diploma had the most impact on college-going

Schools with the ten highest shares of students receiving honors diplomas, 2020

All schools at the top list for honors diplomas also had very high college-going rates

School	Share of students receiving honors diplomas, 2020	College-Going Rate, 2020
International Sch of IN HS	100%	68%
Ben Davis University High School	99%	77%
Bethesda Christian School	82%	76%
Brebeuf Jesuit Preparatory School	80%	86%
Guerin Catholic High School	74%	87%
Bishop Chatard High School	72%	89%
Greenwood Christian Academy High School	69%	92%
Zionsville Community High School	69%	72%
Roncalli High School	68%	87%
Brownsburg High School	68%	69%
One of the form the ledine of	ammission for Higher Education - Cot the data - Cr	acted with Determine



The share of students on the Free or Reduced-Price Lunch Program also influenced collegegoing

Schools with the ten highest shares of students receiving free or reduced-price lunch, 2020

Some schools with high shares of reduced-price lunch students also have high college going rates. Still, many are low.

School	Share of students receiving free or reduced-price lunch	College-Going Rate, 2020	
MTI School of Knowledge	100%	79%	
Emmerich Manual High School	99%	21%	
Providence Cristo Rey High School	95%	76%	
IN Math & Science Academy - North	94%	52%	
Indianapolis Metropolitan High Sch	73%	19%	
Charles A Tindley Accelerated Sch	73%	85%	
Decatur Twp School for Excellence (Decatur Discovery)	69%	7%	
Arsenal Technical High School	69%	25%	
Irvington Community School	68%	42%	
Anderson High School	68%	27%	
Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper			



The share of white students did not have a significant effect on college enrollment

Ten schools with at least 65% white graduating class but below average college-going rate

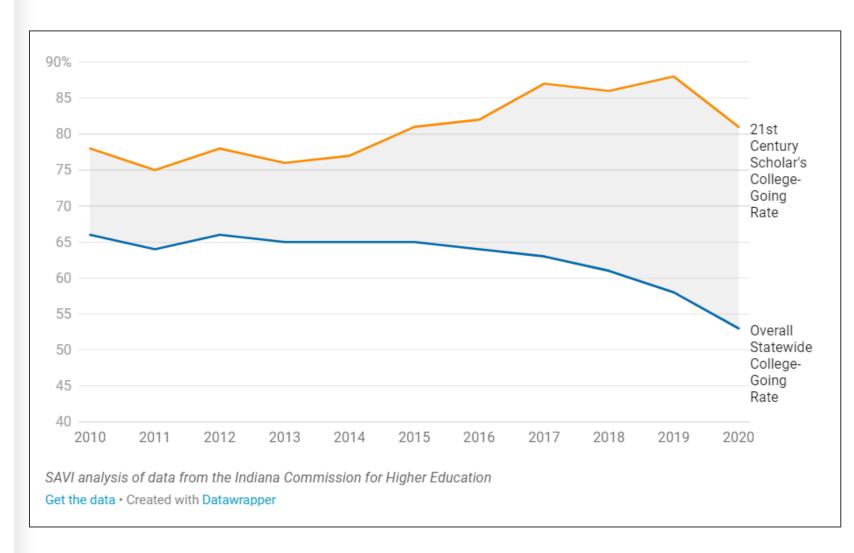
There are many schools with overwhelmingly white student bodies in less economically fortunate areas—often rural areas

School	Share of graduating students who are white, 2020	College-Going Rate, 2020
Elwood Jr-Sr High School	90%	31%
Brown County High School	95%	38%
Eminence Jr-Sr High School	93%	41%
Martinsville High School	94%	42%
Beech Grove Sr High School	65%	42%
Frankton Jr-Sr High School	94%	44%
Lebanon Senior High School	93%	45%
Sheridan High School	92%	45%
Decatur Central High School	67%	45%
South Putnam High School	95%	45%
One of the formation of the formation of the leading		



The share of students in 21st Century Scholars did not have a significant effect on college enrollment

This does *not* mean that 21st Century Scholars is an ineffective program, it simply shows the limitations of the model



Limitations of the Model

- This model estimates impact on college-going at the school level, not the individual level
- We do not have information on "why" students are choosing college less often; we only know the "what" and "who"



Potential Solutions

- 21st Century Scholars enrollment
- IndyAchieves
- Improving support services for high schoolers



Conclusions & Closing Thoughts

- In order to better understand these trends, future analysis could compare college-going rates at schools in metro areas like Indianapolis in other states
- We need better data on "why" students are making these choices
- This is a very complex problem that no one policy change will resolve





View the Interactive Map

Scan the code to the right to view the map of collegegoing rates at Central Indiana high schools



http://bitly.ws/sSQY



Activity Answers!

School	ollege-Going Rate, 2020
Charles A Tindley Accelerated Sch	85%
Zionsville Community High School	72%
Brownsburg High School	69%
Plainfield High School	61%
Pike High School	52%
Greenfield-Central High School	48%
Southport High School	47%
Lebanon Senior High School	45%
Elwood Jr-Sr High School	31%
Arsenal Technical High School	25%
Source: SAVI analysis of data from the Indiana Commission for Higher Education • Get the data • Creat	ted with Datawrapper

Thank you!

Any questions?

